SAFETY DATA SHEET

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of:
Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008
This SDS is for generic information purposes and does not reflect required country specific information for OEL

101 Zink Coating 400 ml
Supercedes Date: 24.07.2025

Revision date 24.07.2025
Revision Number 1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Name Zink Coating
Article number 101
Unique formula identifier (UFI) 4P80-W0CD-0002-GKHE

Other means of identification

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use Paint, Aerosol

Uses advised against None known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ChemTechniek Nederland BV
Inductorstraat 8
3903 KB Veenendaal

Further information obtainable from
ChemTechniek Nederland
E-Mail (competent person) info@chemtechniek.nl

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service Poison Information Center

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to
Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008
[CLP]

Aspiration hazard	Category 1 - (H304)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2 - (H319)
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3 - (H336)
Category 3 Narcotic effects	
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 3 - (H412)
Aerosols	Category 1 - (H222, H229)

2.2. Label elements

Hazardous ingredients for labelling
Contains: Acetone; Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics; 1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate ; Xylene (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)

Signal word
Danger

Hazard statements
H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229 - Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements - EU (§28, 1272/2008)
P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261 - Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.
P264 - Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing and eye/face protection.
P312 - Call a POISON CENTER / doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
P501 - Dispose of contents / container in accordance with national regulations of the disposal.

EU Specific Hazard Statements
EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Additional labelling requirements
Buildup of explosive mixtures possible without sufficient ventilation.

Additional information
This product is exempt from the requirement for a child resistant fastening and tactile warning of danger, as it is an aspiration hazard, placed on the market in the form of an aerosol or in a container with a sealed spray attachment.

2.3. Other hazards

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or through use, the formation of a explosive/highly flammable mixture is possible. Harmful to aquatic life.

PBT & vPvB
This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating or toxic (PBT). This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not applicable

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical name	EC No (EU Index No).	CAS No..	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Specific concentration limit (SCL)	M-Factor	M-Factor (long-term)	REACH registration number
Acetone >25 - <40 %	200-662-2 (606-001-00-8)	67-64-1	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) (EUH066) STOT SE 3 (H336) Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)	-	-	-	01-2119471330-49-XXXX
Butane 10 - <20 %	203-448-7 (601-004-00-0)	106-97-8	Flam. Gas 1 (H220) Press. Gas (H280)	-	-	-	01-2119474691-32-XXXX
Isobutane 5 - <10 %	200-857-2 (601-004-00-0)	75-28-5	Flam. Gas 1 (H220) Press. Gas (H280)	-	-	-	01-2119485395-27-XXXX
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics 5 - <10 %	918-668-5	--	STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT SE 3 (H336) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411) (EUH066) Flam. Liq. 3 (H226)	-	-	-	01-2119455851-35-XXXX
1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate 1 - <5 %	203-603-9 (607-195-00-7)	108-65-6	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) STOT SE 3 (H336)	-	-	-	01-2119475791-29-xxxx
Xylene (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene) 1 - <5 %	905-588-0	RR-45541-4	STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT RE 2 (H373) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Acute Tox. 4 (H312) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Flam Liq. 3 (H226)	-	-	-	01-2119488216-32-xxxx
Ethyl acetate 1 - <5 %	205-500-4 (607-022-00-5)	141-78-6	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336) Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) (EUH066)	-	-	-	01-2119475103-46-XXXX
Aluminium Oxide 1 - <2.5 %	231-072-3 (013-002-00-1)	7429-90-5	Flam. Sol. 1 (H228) Water-react. 2 (H261)	-	-	-	01-2119529243-45-xxxx

Substances identified by a number starting “RR-“ in the CAS-field are substances for which the CAS# is not adopted in EU and we use an internal numbering system to track within our SDS software

Full text of H- and EUH-phrases: see section 16

Acute Toxicity Estimate
If LD50/LC50 data is not available or does not correspond to the classification category, then the appropriate conversion value from CLP Annex I, Table 3.1.2, is used to calculate the acute toxicity estimate (ATEmix) for classifying a mixture based on its components

Chemical name	EC No (EU Index No)	CAS No.	Oral LD50 mg/kg	Dermal LD50 mg/kg	Inhalation LC50 - 4 hour - dust/mist - mg/L	Inhalation LC50 - 4 hour - vapour - mg/L	Inhalation LC50 - 4 hour - gas - ppm
Acetone	200-662-2 (606-001-00-8)	67-64-1	5800	-	-	-	-
Butane	203-448-7 (601-004-00-0)	106-97-8	-	-	-	-	-

Chemical name	EC No (EU Index No)	CAS No.	Oral LD50 mg/kg	Dermal LD50 mg/kg	Inhalation LC50 - 4 hour - dust/mist - mg/L	Inhalation LC50 - 4 hour - vapour - mg/L	Inhalation LC50 - 4 hour - gas - ppm
Isobutane	200-857-2 (601-004-00-0)	75-28-5	-	-	-	-	-
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	918-668-5	--	-	-	-	-	-
1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate	203-603-9 (607-195-00-7)	108-65-6	-	-	-	-	-
Xylene (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)	905-588-0	RR-45541-4	3523	1999	-	19	-
Ethyl acetate	205-500-4 (607-022-00-5)	141-78-6	-	-	-	14.4131	-
Aluminium Oxide	231-072-3 (013-002-00-1)	7429-90-5	-	-	0.8889	-	-

This product does not contain candidate substances of very high concern at a concentration >=0.1% (Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 59)

Notes
See section 16 for more information

Chemical name	Notes
Butane - 106-97-8	C,U
Isobutane - 75-28-5	C,U
Aluminium Oxide - 7429-90-5	T

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation
Remove to fresh air. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur.

Eye contact
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Skin contact
Wash skin with soap and water. In the case of skin irritation or allergic reactions see a doctor.

Ingestion
Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Get immediate medical attention.

Self-protection of the first aider
Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of

contamination. Wear personal protective clothing (see section 8). Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Burning sensation. Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation.

Effects of Exposure No information available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to doctors Because of the danger of aspiration, emesis or gastric lavage should not be used unless the risk is justified by the presence of additional toxic substances.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical. Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Full water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists. Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrocarbons. Aldehydes.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapour suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapours. Dyke far ahead of spill to collect run-off water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off floor.

Methods for cleaning up Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections See section 8 for more information. See section 13 for more information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Use personal protection equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not puncture or incinerate cans. Contents under pressure. Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers.

General hygiene considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Protect from sunlight. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep at a temperature not exceeding 50 °C. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Do not contaminate food or feed stuffs.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s)
Paint, Aerosol.

Risk Management Methods (RMM) The information required is contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

Other information Observe technical data sheet.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure Limits

Only European Community Occupational Exposure Limits will be shown in this document. Please refer to regional SDS for further information.

Chemical name	European Union
Acetone 67-64-1	TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 1210 mg/m³
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics --	TWA: 100 mg/m³

1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate 108-65-6	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 275 mg/m³ STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 550 mg/m³ *
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	TWA: 734 mg/m³ TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 1468 mg/m³ STEL: 400 ppm
Xylene (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene) RR-45541-4	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 221 mg/m³ STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 442 mg/m³ S*

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) No information available

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)			
Acetone (67-64-1)			
Type	Exposure route	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	Safety factor
Long term Systemic health effects worker	Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/d	
Short term Local health effects worker	Inhalation	2420 mg/m³	
Long term Systemic health effects worker	Inhalation	1210 mg/m³	

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (--)			
Type	Exposure route	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	Safety factor
worker Long term Systemic health effects	Dermal	12.5 mg/kg bw/d	
worker Long term Systemic health effects	Inhalation	150 mg/m³	

1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate (108-65-6)			
Type	Exposure route	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	Safety factor
worker Long term Systemic health effects	Inhalation	275 mg/m³	
worker Long term Systemic health effects	Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/d	

Xylene (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene) (RR-45541-4)			
Type	Exposure route	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	Safety factor
worker Long term Systemic health effects	Inhalation	221 mg/m³	
worker Long term Local health effects	Inhalation	221 mg/m³	
worker	Inhalation	442 mg/m³	

Short term Local health effects			
worker Long term Systemic health effects	Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/d	

Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)			
Type	Exposure route	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	Safety factor
worker Long term Systemic health effects	Dermal	63 mg/kg bw/d	
worker Short term Systemic health effects	Inhalation	1468 mg/m³	
worker Long term Local health effects	Inhalation	734 mg/m³	
worker Short term Local health effects	Inhalation	1468 mg/m³	
worker Long term Systemic health effects	Inhalation	734 mg/m³	

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)			
Acetone (67-64-1)			
Type	Exposure route	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	Safety factor
Consumer Long term Systemic health effects	Inhalation	200 mg/m³	
Consumer Long term Systemic health effects	Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer Long term Systemic health effects	Oral	62 mg/kg bw/d	

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (--)			
Type	Exposure route	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	Safety factor
Consumer Long term Systemic health effects	Dermal	7.5 mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer Long term Systemic health effects	Inhalation	32 mg/m³	

1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate (108-65-6)			
Type	Exposure route	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	Safety factor
Consumer Long term Systemic health effects	Inhalation	33 mg/m³	
Consumer Long term Local health effects	Inhalation	33 mg/m³	

Consumer Long term Systemic health effects	Dermal	320 mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer Long term Systemic health effects	Oral	36 mg/kg bw/d	

Xylene (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene) (RR-45541-4)			
Type	Exposure route	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	Safety factor
Consumer Long term Systemic health effects	Inhalation	65.3 mg/m³	
Consumer Short term Systemic health effects	Inhalation	260 mg/m³	
Consumer Long term Local health effects	Inhalation	65.3 mg/m³	
Consumer Short term Local health effects	Inhalation	260 mg/m³	
Consumer Long term Systemic health effects	Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer Long term Systemic health effects	Oral	12.5 mg/kg bw/d	

Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)			
Type	Exposure route	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	Safety factor
Consumer Long term Systemic health effects	Oral	4.5 mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer Long term Systemic health effects	Dermal	37 mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer Short term Systemic health effects	Inhalation	734 mg/m³	
Consumer Long term Local health effects	Inhalation	367 mg/m³	
Consumer Short term Local health effects	Inhalation	734 mg/m³	
Consumer Long term Systemic health effects	Inhalation	367 mg/m³	

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) No information available.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)	
Acetone (67-64-1)	
Environmental compartment	Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)
Freshwater	10.6 mg/l
Freshwater - intermittent	21 mg/l
Marine water	1.06 mg/l

Microorganisms in sewage treatment	100 mg/l
Freshwater sediment	30.4 mg/kg dry weight
Marine water	3.04 mg/kg dry weight
Soil	29.5 mg/kg dry weight

1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate (108-65-6)	
Environmental compartment	Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)
Freshwater	0.635 mg/l
Marine water	0.064 mg/l
Sewage treatment plant	100 mg/l
Freshwater sediment	3.29 mg/l
Marine sediment	0.329 mg/kg dry weight
Soil	0.29 mg/kg dry weight

Xylene (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene) (RR-45541-4)	
Environmental compartment	Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)
Freshwater	0.327 mg/l
Marine water	0.327 mg/l
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	6.58 mg/l
Freshwater sediment	12.46 mg/kg dry weight
Soil	2.31 mg/kg dry weight

Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	
Environmental compartment	Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)
Freshwater	0.24 mg/l
Marine water	0.024 mg/l
Freshwater sediment	1.15 mg/kg
Marine sediment	0.115 mg/kg
Soil	0.148 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	650 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Vapours/aerosols must be exhausted directly at the point of origin.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye protection must conform to standard EN 166.

Hand protection Wear suitable gloves. Glove thickness > 0.7mm. Butyl rubber. Nitrile rubber. The breakthrough time for the mentioned glove material is in general greater than 480 min. Ensure that the breakthrough time of the glove material is not exceeded. Refer to glove supplier for information on breakthrough time for specific gloves. Gloves must conform to standard EN 374

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Wear a respirator conforming to EN 140 with Type A filter or better.

Recommended filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter conforming to EN 14387.

Environmental exposure controls Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid
Appearance Aerosol
Colour Silver
Odour Characteristic.

Property	**Values**	**Remarks • Method**
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	None known
Initial boiling point and boiling	Not applicable, Aerosol .	Not applicable, Aerosol

range		
Flammability	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Flash point	Not applicable, Aerosol .	Not applicable, Aerosol
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature		None known
pH	No data available	Not applicable. Insoluble in water.
pH (as aqueous solution)	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	
Water solubility	No data available.	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Vapour pressure	No data available	None known
Relative density	No data available	None known
Bulk Density	No data available	
Liquid Density	0.6877 g/cm³	
Relative vapour density	No data available	None known
Particle characteristics		
Particle Size	No information available	
Particle Size Distribution	No information available	

9.2. Other information

Solid content (%)	No information available
VOC content	No data available

9.2.1. Information with regards to physical hazard classes
Not applicable

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics
No information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact	None.
Sensitivity to static discharge	Yes.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Incompatible with oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products None under normal use conditions. Stable under recommended storage conditions.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. May cause pulmonary edema. Pulmonary edema can be fatal. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Eye contact May cause irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. (based on components). May cause redness, itching, and pain.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May cause irritation. Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation.

Ingestion Potential for aspiration if swallowed. May cause lung damage if swallowed. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation.

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral)	>2000 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)	32,154.30 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-gas)	>20000 ppm
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	>5 mg/l
ATEmix (inhalation-vapour)	555.40 mg/l

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Acetone	=5800 mg/kg (Rattus) 3000 mg/Kg (mouse)	>15800 mg/Kg (Rattus)	=79 mg/l(Rattus) 4 h
Butane	-	-	=658 g/m³ (Rattus) 4 h
Isobutane	-	-	=658 mg/L (Rattus) 4 h
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	3592 mg/Kg (Rattus) (OECD 401)	>3160 mg/Kg (Oryctolagus cuniculus) (OECD 402)	4hour >6193 mg/m³ (Rattus)
1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate	=8532 mg/kg (Rattus)	> 5 g/kg (Oryctolagus	= 16000 mg/m³ (Rat) 6 h

		cuniculus)	
Xylene (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)	=3500 mg/kg (Rattus)	>10000 mg/kg (Oryctolagus cuniculus)	=>47635 mg/L (Rattus) 4 h = >5000 ppm (Rattus) 4 h
Ethyl acetate	=5620 mg/kg (Rattus)	> 18000 mg/kg (Oryctolagus cuniculus) > 20 mL/kg (Oryctolagus cuniculus)	LC0 29.3 mg/l air
Aluminium Oxide	-	-	> 0.888 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes mild skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes serious eye irritation.

Acetone (67-64-1)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
OECD Test No. 405: Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	eye			irritant

Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Component Information
Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)

Method	Species	Results
OECD Test No. 474: Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	in vivo Hamster	Negative
OECD Test No. 471: Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	in vitro Salmonella typhimurium	Negative
OECD Test No. 473: In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test	in vitro Hamster Ovary	Negative

Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

11.2. Information on other hazards

11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties No information available.

11.2.2. Other information

Other adverse effects No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea	M-Factor	M-Factor (long-term)
Acetone 67-64-1	-	LC50 96 h 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	EC50 = 14500 mg/L 15 min	EC50 48 h 10294 - 17704 mg/L (Daphnia magna Static)		
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics --	EL50 (72h): 2.6 - 2.9 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LL50 (96h): 9.2 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	EL50 (48h): 3.2 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202		
1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate 108-65-6	-	LC50: =161mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas)	-	EC50: >500mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)		
Xylene (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene) RR-45541-4	EC50 (72hr) 2.2 mg/l (Selenastrum capricornutum)	LC50(96h) 2.6 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss-OECD 203)	EC50 = 0.0084 mg/L 24 h	LC50(24h) 1 mg/l (Daphnia magna-OECD 202)		
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	EC50: =3300mg/L (48h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: =484mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 352 - 500mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 220 - 250mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 1180 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 1500 mg/L 15 min EC50 = 5870 mg/L 15 min EC50 = 7400 mg/L 2 h	EC50: =560mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)		

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Acetone (67-64-1)

Method	Exposure time	Value	Results
OECD Test No. 301B: Ready Biodegradability: CO2 Evolution Test (TG 301 B)	28 days	biodegradation	91 % Readily biodegradable

1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate (108-65-6)

Method	Exposure time	Value	Results
OECD Test No. 301F: Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test (TG 301 F)	28 days	83%	Readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Acetone	-0.24
Butane	2.31
Isobutane	2.8
1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate	1.2
Xylene (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)	3.15
Ethyl acetate	0.73

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment UN.

Chemical name	PBT and vPvB assessment
Acetone	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
Butane	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
Isobutane	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
Xylene (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
Ethyl acetate	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
Aluminium Oxide	The substance is not PBT / vPvB

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties No information available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers.

European Waste Catalogue 16 05 04* gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances
15 01 04 metallic packaging

Other information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1 UN number or ID number UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name Aerosols

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2
Labels	2.1
14.4 Packing group	Not regulated
Description	UN1950, Aerosols, 2, (D)
14.5 Environmental hazards	No
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Special Provisions	190, 327, 344, 625
Classification code	5F
Tunnel restriction code	(D)
Limited quantity (LQ)	1 L

IMDG

14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Aerosols
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
14.4 Packing group	Not regulated
Description	UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1, (0°C c.c.)
14.5 Marine pollutant	NP
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Special Provisions	63,190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959
Limited Quantity (LQ)	See SP277
EmS-No.	F-D, S-U
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code	Not applicable

Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
14.4 Packing group	Not regulated
Description	UN1950, Aerosols, flammable, 2.1
14.5 Environmental hazards	No
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Special Provisions	A145, A167, A802
Limited quantity (LQ)	30 kg G
ERG Code	10L

Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

European Union

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and Restriction of Chemicals (REACh) Regulation (EC 1907/2006)

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation:
This product does not contain candidate substances of very high concern at a concentration >=0.1% (Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 59)

EU-REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Substances subject to Restriction
This product does not contain substances subject to restriction (Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex XVII).

Substance subject to authorisation per REACH Annex XIV
This product does not contain substances subject to authorisation (Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex XIV)

Dangerous substance category per Seveso Directive (2012/18/EU)
P3a - FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS

Ozone-depleting substances (ODS) regulation (EC) 1005/2009
Not applicable

Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not applicable

REGULATION (EU) 2019/1148 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 20 June 2019 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors
This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148: all suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point. This product contains:

Chemical name	Reporting of suspicious transactions, disappearances and thefts	Restricted	Registration
Acetone - 67-64-1	Regulated		
Aluminium Oxide - 7429-90-5	Regulated		

National regulations

France

Occupational Illnesses (R-463-3, France)

Chemical name	French RG number
Acetone 67-64-1	RG 84
Butane 106-97-8	RG 84
Isobutane 75-28-5	RG 84
1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate 108-65-6	RG 84
Xylene (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene) RR-45541-4	RG 4bis,RG 84
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	RG 84
Aluminium Oxide 7429-90-5	RG 32 RG 16,RG 16bis

Germany

Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health - Germany - BetrSichV
No flammable liquids in accordance with BetrSichV

Water hazard class (WGK) obviously hazardous to water (WGK 2)

TRGS - 510 Storage Class Storage Class 2B : Aerosols

Netherlands

List of Carcinogenic, mutagenic and reproductive toxin substances in accordance with Inspectorate SZW (Netherlands)

Chemical name	Netherlands - List of Carcinogens
Xylene (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene) RR-45541-4	Development (Category 2)

Denmark
Registration number(s) (P-no.) No information available
Norway
Registration number(s) (PRN-no.) No information available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessments have been carried out by the Reach registrants for substances registered at >10 tpa. No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Full text of H-Statements referred to under section 3
H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312 - Harmful in contact with skin
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H332 - Harmful if inhaled
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Notes relating to the identification, classification and labelling of substances
Note C: Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers. In this case the supplier must state on the label whether the substance is a specific isomer or a mixture of isomers
Note T: This substance may be marketed in a form which does not have the physical hazards as indicated by the classification in the entry in Part 3. If the results of the relevant method or methods in accordance with Part 2 of Annex I of this Regulation show that the specific form of substance marketed does not exhibit this physical property or these physical hazards, the substance shall be classified in accordance with the result or results of this test or these tests. Relevant information, including reference to the relevant test method(s) shall be included in the safety data sheet
Note U (Table 3): When put on the market gases have to be classified as 'Gases under pressure', in one of the groups compressed gas, liquefied gas, refrigerated liquefied gas or dissolved gas. The group depends on the physical state in which the gas is packaged and therefore has to be assigned case by case. The following codes are assigned:
Press. Gas (Comp.)
Press. Gas (Liq.)
Press. Gas (Ref. Liq.)
Press. Gas (Diss.)
Aerosols shall not be classified as gases under pressure (See Annex I, Part 2, Section 2.3.2.1, Note 2)

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation:
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances
STOT RE: Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure
STOT SE: Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure
EWC: European Waste Catalogue
LOW: List of Wastes (see http://ec.europa.eu/environment/waste/framework/list.htm)
ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
IATA: International Air Transport Association
ICAO: ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

Legend SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
AGW	Occupational exposure limit value	BGW	Biological limit value
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	Sk*	Skin designation

Classification procedure	
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Method Used
Acute oral toxicity	Calculation method
Acute dermal toxicity	Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity - gas	Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity - vapour	Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity - dust/mist	Calculation method
Skin corrosion/irritation	Calculation method
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Calculation method
Respiratory sensitisation	Calculation method
Skin sensitisation	Calculation method
Mutagenicity	Calculation method
Carcinogenicity	Calculation method
Reproductive toxicity	Calculation method
STOT - single exposure	Calculation method
STOT - repeated exposure	Calculation method
Acute aquatic toxicity	Calculation method
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Calculation method
Aspiration hazard	Calculation method
Ozone	Calculation method
Flammable aerosol	On basis of test data

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS
European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)
European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Committee for Risk Assessment (ECHA_RAC)
European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) (ECHA_API)
Environmental Protection Agency
Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))
International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)
National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)
NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)
Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications
Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Programme
Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

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Training Advice No information available

Further information No information available

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878, and Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

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End of Safety Data Sheet